## Fluke 1625-2 Earth Ground Resistance Tester Kit Tech Specs

	rech specs	
General Specifications		
Memory	Internal memory storage up to 1500 records accessible via USB port	
	Interference voltage and frequency, earthing resistance 3- and 4-pole with/without clip-on	
Measuring function	current transformer, resistance 2-pole with AC, 2- and 4-pole with DC	
Display	4 digit (2999 Digit) - 7 segment liquid crystal display, with improved visibility	
Operation	Central rotary switch and function keys	
Temperature Range		
Operating temperature	-10°C to 50°C (14°F to 122°F)	
Storage temperature	-30°C to 60°C (-22°F to 140°F)	
Temperature coefficient	±0.1% of reading/°C < 18°C > 28°C	
Type of protection	IP56 for case, IP40 for battery door according to EN60529	
Max voltage	Warning - socket "clamp" to socket E, ES, S or H	
0.	Urms = 0 V	
	Sockets E, ES, S or H to each other in any combination, max. Urms = 250 V (pertains to misuse)	
Safety	Protection by double and/or reinforced insulation. Max. 50 V to earth per IEC61010-1. 300V CAT II, Pollution degree 2	
Quality standard	Developed, designed and manufactured to comply with DIN ISO 9001	
External field influence	Complies with DIN 43780 (8/76)	
Auxiliary power	6 x 1.5 V alkaline (IEC LR6 or type AA)	
Battery life span	With IEC LR6/type AA: typ. 3,000 measurements (RE+RH ≤ 1 kΩ)	
, ,	With IEC LR6/type AA: typ. 6,000 measurements (RE + RH > 10 k $\Omega$ )	
Dimensions (W x H x D)	250 x 133 x 187 mm (9.75 x 5.25 x 7.35 in)	
, ,	≤ 1.1 kg (2.43 lb) without accessories 7.6 kg (16.8 lb) incl. accessories and batteries in	
Weight	carrying case	
Case material	Polyester	
Measurement of Interference	e Voltage DC + AC (U <sub>ST</sub> )	
Measuring limits of error:	.0- / 7/	
method	Full wave rectification	
Measuring range	1 V to 50 V	
Display range	0.0 V to 50 V	
Resolution	0.1 V	
Frequency range	DC/AC 45 Hz to 400 Hz sine	
Accuracy	±(5% of rdg + 5 digit)	
Measuring sequence	Approx. 4 measurements/s	
Internal resistance	Approx. $1.5 \mathrm{M}\Omega$	
Max. overload	Urms = 250 V	
Measurement of Interference		
Measuring limits of error:		

Measuring range	6.0 Hz to 400 Hz	1.2		
Display range	16.0 Hz to 299.9 Hz to 999 Hz			
Resolution	0.1 Hz to 1 Hz			
Range	1 V to 50 V			
Accuracy	±(1% of rdg + 2 digit)			
Earthing Resistance (RE)	V			
Measuring method	Current and voltage measure	ment with probe as IE	C61557-5	
Open circuit voltage	20/48 V, AC			
Short circuit current	250 mA AC			
Measuring frequency	94, 105, 111, 128 Hz selected manually or automatic. (AFC) 55 Hz in function R1			
Noise rejection	120 dB (16 2/3 , 50 , 60, 400 Hz)			
Max. overload	Urms = 250 V			
Electrical Measurement Spe	ecifications			
Intrinsic Error or Influence Quantity	Reference Conditions or Specified Operating Range	Designation Code	Requirements or Test in Accordance with the Relevant Parts of IEC 1557	
Intrinsic error	Reference conditions	A	Part 5, 6.1	R
Position	Reference position ±90°	E1	Part 1, 4.2	R
1 conton	At the limits stated by the		1 410 1, 1.2	
Supply voltage	manufacturer	E2	Part 1, 4.2, 4.3	R
Temperature	0°C and 35°C	E3	Part 1, 4.2	T
Series interference voltage	See 4.2 and 4.3	E4	Part 5, 4.2, 4.3	T
Resistance of the probes and auxiliary earth		\		
electrodes	0 to 100 x RA but ≤ 50 kΩ	E5	Part 5, 4.3	Т
	99% to 101% of the nominal		<b>*</b> ***********************************	
System frequency	frequency	E7	Part 5, 4.3	Т
ojoto noqueoj	85% to 110% of the nominal			•
System voltage	voltage	E8	Part 5, 4.3	Т
Operating error	B = ±( A  + 1,15 √E21 E22 E2	23 E24 E25 E26 )	Part 5, 4.3	R
	$B[\%] = \pm B/fiducial value x 100\%$			
	A = intrinsic error			
	En = variations			
	R = routine test			
	T = type test			
Measuring range	0.020 Ω to 300 kΩ			
Display range	0.001 Ω to 2.999 Ω			
. , ,	3.00 Ω to 29.99 Ω			
	30.0 Ω to 299.9 Ω		-	
	0.300 kΩ to 2.999 kΩ	10		

	$3.00 \text{ k}\Omega$ to $29.99 \text{ k}\Omega$
	30.0 kΩ to 299.9 kΩ
Resolution	0.001 Ω
	0.01 Ω
	0.1 Ω
	1Ω
	10 Ω
	100 Ω
Accuracy	$\pm (2\% \text{ of rdg} + 2 \text{ digit})$
Operating error	±(5% of rdg + 5 digit)
Measuring time	Typical 8 seconds with a fixed frequency 30 sec. max. with AFC and complete cycle of all measuring frequencies
Additional error because of probe-and auxiliary earth	
electrode resistance	RH(RS + 2000 Ω)/RE x 1.25 x 10-6% + 5 digits
Measuring error of R <sub>H</sub> and	
$R_S$	Typ. 10% of RE + RS + RH
Max. probe resistance	≤ 1 MΩ
Max. auxiliary earth	· ·
electrode resistance	$\leq 1 \text{ M}\Omega$
A t t'	and within the Burth or mined by IEOCAFEZ E

Automatic check if error is kept within the limits required by IEC61557-5.

If after a measurement of probe-, auxiliary earth electrode- and earthing resistance, a measurement error of higher than 30% is assumed because of the influencing conditions, the display shows a warning symbol and a notice that RS or RH are too high.

too nign.	
Automatic Switchover of N	Measuring Resolution in Dependence to Auxiliary Earth Electrode Resistance R <sub>H</sub>
RH with U <sub>meas</sub> = 48 V	< 300 Ω
	< 6 Ω
	< 60 Ω
	< 600 Ω
RH with U <sub>meas</sub> = 20 V	< 250 Ω
	< 2.5 kΩ
	< 25 kΩ
	< 250 kΩ
Resolution	_1 mΩ
	10 mΩ
	100 mΩ
	1Ω
Selective Measurement of	f the Earthing R <mark>esist</mark> ance (R <sub>E</sub> Clamp)
Measuring method	Current and voltage measurement with probe as per EN61557-5 and current measurement in the individual branch with additional current transformer (patent applied for).
Open circuit voltage	20/48 V AC
Short circuit current	250 mA AC

Measuring frequency	94, 105, 111, 128 Hz selected manually or automatically (AFC), 55 Hz (R1)		
Noise rejection	120 dB (162/3, 50, 60, 400 Hz)		
Max. overload	Max. Urms = 250 V (measurement will not be started)		
Measuring range	0.020 Ω to 300 kΩ		
Display range	0.001 Ω to 2.999 Ω		
Tiopidy range	3.00 Ω to 29.99 Ω		
	30.0 Ω to 299.9 Ω		
	0.300 kΩ to 2.999 kΩ		
	3.00 kΩ to 29.99 kΩ		
Resolution	0.001 Ω		
	0.01 Ω		
	0.1 Ω		
13	1Ω		
	10 Ω		
Accuracy	±(7% of rdg + 2 digit)		
Operating error	$\pm (10\% \text{ of } rdg + 5 \text{ digit})$		
Additional error because of			
probe- and auxiliary earth			
typ. electrode resistance	RH(RS + 2000 $\Omega$ )/RETOTAL x 1.25 x 10-6% + 5 digits		
Measuring error of R <sub>H</sub> and			
$R_s$	Typ. of 10% of RETOTAL + RS + RH		
	Typ. 8 sec. with a fixed frequency 30 sec. max. with AFC and complete cycle of all me frequencies.		
Measuring time	frequencies.		
Measuring time  Minimal current in single	frequencies.		
Measuring time  Minimal current in single branch to be measured	frequencies.  0.5 mA With transformer (1000:1)		
Minimal current in single branch to be measured	frequencies.		
Minimal current in single	frequencies.  0.5 mA With transformer (1000:1)  0.1 mA With transformer (200:1)		
Minimal current in single branch to be measured  Max. interference current	frequencies.  0.5 mA With transformer (1000:1)  0.1 mA With transformer (200:1)  3 A With transformer (1000:1)		
Minimal current in single branch to be measured  Max. interference current through transformer	frequencies.  0.5 mA With transformer (1000:1)  0.1 mA With transformer (200:1)  3 A With transformer (1000:1)  mps/transformers.		
Minimal current in single branch to be measured  Max. interference current through transformer  1. With recommended current clar	frequencies.  0.5 mA With transformer (1000:1)  0.1 mA With transformer (200:1)  3 A With transformer (1000:1)  mps/transformers.		
Minimal current in single branch to be measured  Max. interference current through transformer  1. With recommended current clar Resistance Measurement (Finderson)	frequencies.  0.5 mA With transformer (1000:1)  0.1 mA With transformer (200:1)  3 A With transformer (1000:1)  mps/transformers.  R~)		
Minimal current in single branch to be measured  Max. interference current through transformer  1. With recommended current clar Resistance Measurement (Fig. 1).	frequencies.  0.5 mA With transformer (1000:1)  0.1 mA With transformer (200:1)  3 A With transformer (1000:1)  mps/transformers.  R~)  Current and voltage measurement		
Minimal current in single branch to be measured  Max. interference current through transformer  1. With recommended current clar Resistance Measurement (Find Measuring method Measuring voltage	frequencies.  0.5 mA With transformer (1000:1)  0.1 mA With transformer (200:1)  3 A With transformer (1000:1)  mps/transformers.  R~)  Current and voltage measurement  20 V AC, square pulse		
Minimal current in single branch to be measured  Max. interference current through transformer  1. With recommended current clar Resistance Measurement (Find Measuring method Measuring voltage Short circuit current	frequencies.  0.5 mA With transformer (1000:1)  0.1 mA With transformer (200:1)  3 A With transformer (1000:1)  mps/transformers.  R~)  Current and voltage measurement  20 V AC, square pulse  > 250 mA AC		
Minimal current in single branch to be measured  Max. interference current through transformer  1. With recommended current clar Resistance Measurement (F Measuring method Measuring voltage Short circuit current Measuring frequency	frequencies.  0.5 mA With transformer (1000:1)  0.1 mA With transformer (200:1)  3 A With transformer (1000:1)  mps/transformers.  R~)  Current and voltage measurement  20 V AC, square pulse  > 250 mA AC  94, 105, 111, 128 Hz selected manually or automatically (AFC)		
Minimal current in single branch to be measured  Max. interference current through transformer  1. With recommended current clar Resistance Measurement (Find Measuring method Measuring voltage Short circuit current Measuring frequency Measuring range	frequencies.  0.5 mA With transformer (1000:1)  0.1 mA With transformer (200:1)  3 A With transformer (1000:1)  mps/transformers.  R~)  Current and voltage measurement  20 V AC, square pulse  > 250 mA AC  94, 105, 111, 128 Hz selected manually or automatically (AFC)  0.020 $\Omega$ to 300 k $\Omega$		
Minimal current in single branch to be measured  Max. interference current through transformer  1. With recommended current clar Resistance Measurement (Find Measuring method Measuring voltage Short circuit current Measuring frequency Measuring range	frequencies.  0.5 mA		
Minimal current in single branch to be measured  Max. interference current through transformer  1. With recommended current clar Resistance Measurement (Find Measuring method Measuring voltage Short circuit current Measuring frequency Measuring range	frequencies.  0.5 mA		
Minimal current in single branch to be measured  Max. interference current through transformer  1. With recommended current clar Resistance Measurement (Find Measuring method Measuring voltage Short circuit current Measuring frequency Measuring range	frequencies.  0.5 mA		
Minimal current in single branch to be measured  Max. interference current through transformer  1. With recommended current clar Resistance Measurement (Find Measuring method Measuring voltage Short circuit current Measuring frequency Measuring range	frequencies.  0.5 mA		
Minimal current in single branch to be measured  Max. interference current through transformer  1. With recommended current clar Resistance Measurement (Find Measuring method Measuring voltage Short circuit current Measuring frequency Measuring range	frequencies.  0.5 mA With transformer (1000:1)  0.1 mA With transformer (200:1)  3 A With transformer (1000:1)  mps/transformers.  R-)  Current and voltage measurement  20 V AC, square pulse  > 250 mA AC  94, 105, 111, 128 Hz selected manually or automatically (AFC)  0.020 $\Omega$ to 300 k $\Omega$ 0.001 $\Omega$ to 2.999 $\Omega$ 3.00 $\Omega$ to 29.99 $\Omega$ 300 $\Omega$ to 29.99 $\Omega$ 300 $\Omega$ to 29.99 $\Omega$		
Minimal current in single branch to be measured  Max. interference current through transformer  1. With recommended current clar Resistance Measurement (Foundament of Measuring method Measuring voltage Short circuit current Measuring frequency Measuring range  Display range	frequencies.  0.5 mA With transformer (1000:1)  0.1 mA With transformer (200:1)  3 A With transformer (1000:1)  mps/transformers.  R-)  Current and voltage measurement  20 V AC, square pulse  > 250 mA AC  94, 105, 111, 128 Hz selected manually or automatically (AFC)  0.020 $\Omega$ to 300 k $\Omega$ 0.001 $\Omega$ to 2.999 $\Omega$ 3.00 $\Omega$ to 2.999 $\Omega$ 30.0 $\Omega$ to 2.999 $\Omega$		

	0.1 Ω
	1Ω
	10 Ω
	100 Ω
Accuracy	±(2% of rdg + 2 digit)
Operating error	±(5% of rdg + 5 digit)
Measuring time	Typical 6 seconds
Max. interference voltage	24 V, with higher voltages measurement will not be started
Max overload	Urms max. = 250 V
Resistance Measurement (F	R DC)
Measuring method	Current- voltage measurement as per IEC61557-4 possible
Measuring voltage	20 V DC
Short circuit current	250 mA DC
Formation of measured	With 4-pole measurement wires on H, S, ES can be extended without additional error.
value	Resistances > 1 $\Omega$ in wire E can cause additional error of 5m $\Omega/\Omega$ .
Measuring range	$0.020~\Omega$ to $300~\text{k}\Omega$
Display range	0.001 Ω to 2.999 Ω
	3.00 Ω to 29.99 Ω
	30.0 Ω to 299.9 Ω
	300 Ω to 2999 Ω
	3.0 kΩ to 29.99 kΩ
	30.0 kΩ to 299.9 kΩ
Resolution	0.001 Ω
	0.01 Ω
	0.1 Ω
	1Ω
	10 Ω
	100 Ω
Accuracy	±(2% of rdg + 2 digit)
Operating error	±(5% of rdg + <mark>5 dig</mark> it)
Measuring sequence	Approx. 2 measurements/s
Measuring time	Typical 4 second including reversal of polarity (2-pole or 4-pole)
Maximum interference	
voltage	≤ 3 V AC or DC, with higher voltages measurement will not be started
Maximum inductivity	2 Henry
Maximum overload	Urms = 250 V
Compensation of Lead Res	istance (R <sub>K</sub> )

Compensation of lead resistance (RK) can be switched on in functions RE 3-pole, RE 4-pole (clamp), R AC, and R DC 2-pole

Formation of measured

value Rdisplay = Rmeasured - Rcompensated2

2. Value of setpoint entry RK = 0.000  $\Omega$ , variable from 0.000 to 29.99  $\Omega$  by means of measuring adjustment.

Stakeless Ground Loop	p Measurement (Two Clamp Stakeless)
Switch position	RA 4-pole (two clamp Stakeless)
Resolution	0.001 Ω to 0.1 Ω
Measuring range	0.02 Ω to 199.9 Ω
Accuracy	±(7% rdg + 3 digit)
Operating error	±(10% rdg + <mark>5 dig</mark> it)
Measuring voltage	Vm = 48 V AC (primary)
Measuring frequency	128 Hz
Noise current (IEXT)	Max. IEXT = $10 \text{ A}$ (AC) (RA < $20 \Omega$ )
	Max. IEXT = $\frac{2 \text{ A}}{\text{(AC)}}$ (RA > 20 $\Omega$ )

Measuring principle: Stakeless measurement of resistance in closed loops using two current transformers. Automatic range selection.

The information regarding stakeless ground loop measurements is only valid when used in conjunction with the recommended current clamps at the minimum distance specified.